



SWISS STATUTORY REPORTING

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Swiss Statutory Reporting

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Report of the statutory auditor
to the General Meeting of
Coca-Cola HBC AG
Steinhausen/Zug

Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Coca-Cola HBC AG and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017 and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2017 and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and comply with Swiss law.

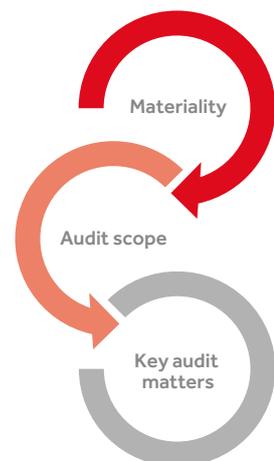
Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law, International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and Swiss Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those provisions and standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the requirements of the Swiss audit profession, as well as the IESBA Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our audit approach

Overview



Overall Group materiality: € 28.2 million, which represents 5% of profit before tax.

We conducted full scope audit work at subsidiary undertakings in 16 countries. Our audit scope addressed 87% of the Group's consolidated net sales revenue and 88% of the Group's assets. We also conducted specified audit procedures and analytical review procedures for other Group undertakings and functions.

As key audit matters, the following areas of focus, which are consistent with the prior year, have been identified:

- Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment assessment
- Uncertain tax positions
- Provisions and contingent liabilities

Audit scope

The Group operates through its trading subsidiary undertakings in 28 countries, as set out on page 142 of the 2017 Integrated Annual Report. The processing of the accounting entries for these entities is largely centralised in a shared services centre in Bulgaria, except for the subsidiary undertakings in Russia, Ukraine, Belarus and Armenia, which process their accounting entries locally. The Group also operates a centralised treasury function in the Netherlands and in Greece and a centralised procurement function in Austria.

Mirroring the Group's set-up, with the parent entity incorporated in Switzerland and the Group Finance Function located in Greece, we structured our audit as a referred reporting assurance engagement and involved PwC Athens as a Performing Firm, while performing specific procedures related to our role of Signing Firm of the audit report on the Consolidated Financial Statements prepared for Swiss statutory purposes.

In close liaison with the performing firm, we designed our audit by determining materiality and assessing the risks of material misstatement in the consolidated financial statements. In particular, we considered where subjective judgements were made; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

We tailored the scope of our audit in order to perform sufficient work to enable us to provide an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole, taking into account the geographic structure of the Group, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which the Group operates.

Materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. Our audit opinion aims to provide reasonable assurance that the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the consolidated financial statements.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined certain quantitative thresholds for materiality, including the overall Group materiality for the consolidated financial statements as a whole as set out in the table below. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements, both individually and in aggregate, on the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

| | |
|--|--|
| Overall Group materiality | € 28.2 million |
| How we determined it | 5% of profit before tax |
| Rationale for the materiality benchmark applied | We chose profit before tax as the benchmark because, in our view, it is the benchmark against which the performance of the Group is most commonly measured, and it is a generally accepted benchmark |

We agreed with the Audit Committee that we would report to them misstatements above €1.0 million identified during our audit as well as any misstatements below that amount which, in our view, warranted reporting for qualitative reasons.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets impairment assessment

Key audit matter

Refer to Note 13 for intangible assets including goodwill.

Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets as at 31 December 2017 amount to €1,621.2 million and €199.9 million, respectively.

The above noted amounts have been allocated to individual cash-generating units ('CGUs'). The impairment assessment must be performed at least annually and involves the determination of the recoverable amount, being the higher of the value-in-use and the fair value less costs to dispose.

This area was a key matter for our audit due to the size of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets and because the determination of whether elements of goodwill and of indefinite-lived intangible assets are impaired involves complex and subjective estimates and judgements by management about the future results of the CGUs. These estimates and judgements include assumptions surrounding revenue growth rates, direct costs, foreign exchange rates and discount rates.

Furthermore, macroeconomic volatility, competitor activity and regulatory/fiscal developments can adversely affect each CGU and potentially the carrying amount of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets.

No impairment charge was recorded in 2017. Goodwill and franchise agreements held by the Nigeria CGU have been determined by management to remain sensitive to changes in the key drivers of cash flow forecasts given the macroeconomic volatility in Nigeria.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We evaluated the appropriateness of management's identification of Group's CGUs and the process by which management prepared the CGUs value-in-use calculations which we found to be satisfactory for the purposes of our audit. We tested the mathematical accuracy of the CGUs value-in-use calculations and compared them to the latest budget approved by the Directors and assessed the quality of the budgeting process by comparing the prior year budget with actual data.

With the support of our valuation specialists, we challenged management's analysis around the key drivers of cash flow forecasts including selling price increases, short-term and long-term volume growth and the level of direct costs by comparing them with either the Group's historical information or market data, as appropriate. We also evaluated the appropriateness of other key assumptions including discount rates and foreign exchange rates by comparing them to relevant market data. We found the assumptions to be consistent and in line with our expectations.

We also performed sensitivity analyses on the key drivers of cash flow forecasts for the CGUs with significant balances of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets as well as for CGUs which remain sensitive to changes in the key drivers, including the goodwill and franchise agreements held by the Nigeria CGU.

We assessed the appropriateness and completeness of the related disclosures in Note 13, and consider them to be reasonable. As a result of our work, we found that the determination by management that no impairment was required for goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets was supported by assumptions within reasonable ranges.

Uncertain tax positions

Key audit matter

Refer to Note 10 for taxation and Note 28 for contingencies.

The Group operates in a complex multinational tax environment which gives rise to uncertain tax positions in relation to corporation tax, transfer pricing and indirect taxes. As at 31 December 2017, the Group has current tax liabilities of €97.5 million which include €69.2 million of provisions for tax uncertainties.

The Group establishes provisions based on management's judgements of the probable amount of the liability. Given the number of judgements involved in estimating the provisions relating to uncertain tax positions and the complexities of dealing with tax rules and regulations in numerous jurisdictions, this was considered as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We evaluated the related accounting policy for provisioning for tax exposures and found it to be appropriate.

In conjunction with our tax specialists, we evaluated management's judgements in respect of estimates of tax exposures and contingencies in order to assess the adequacy of the Group's tax provisions. In order to understand and evaluate management's judgements, we considered the status of current tax authority audits and enquiries, the outcome of previous tax authority audits, judgemental positions taken in tax returns and current year estimates and recent developments in the tax environments in which the Group operates.

We challenged management's key assumptions, in particular on cases where there had been significant developments with tax authorities, noting no significant deviation from our expectations.

From the evidence obtained and in the context of the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, we consider the provisions in relation to uncertain tax positions as at 31 December 2017 to be appropriate.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Key audit matter

Refer to Note 20 for provisions and Note 28 for contingencies.

The Group faces a number of threatened and actual legal and regulatory proceedings. The determination of the provision and/or the level of disclosure required involves a high degree of judgement resulting in provisions and contingent liabilities being considered as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We evaluated the design of and tested key controls in respect of litigation and regulatory procedures, which we found to be satisfactory for the purposes of our audit.

Our procedures included the following:

- where relevant, reading external legal advice obtained by management;
- discussing open matters with the Group general counsel;
- meeting with local management and reading subsequent correspondence;
- assessing and challenging management's conclusions through understanding precedents set in similar cases; and
- circularising relevant third-party legal representatives and follow up discussions, where appropriate, on certain material cases.

On the basis of the work performed, whilst noting the inherent uncertainty with such legal and regulatory matters, we determined the relevant provisions as at 31 December 2017 to be appropriate.

We assessed the appropriateness of the related disclosures in Note 28 and considered these to be reasonable.

Other information in the annual report

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information in the annual report. The other information comprises all information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, the stand-alone financial statements and the remuneration report of Coca-Cola HBC AG and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information in the annual report and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information in the annual report and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the consolidated financial statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS and the provisions of Swiss law, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Swiss law, ISAs and Swiss Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the website of EXPERTsuisse: <http://expertsuisse.ch/en/audit-report-for-public-companies>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with article 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists which has been designed for the preparation of consolidated financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We recommend that the consolidated financial statements submitted to you be approved.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AG



Michael Foley
Audit expert
Auditor in charge

Lausanne, 16 March 2018



Laura Bucur



Report of the statutory auditor
to the General Meeting of
Coca-Cola HBC AG
Steinhausen/Zug

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Coca-Cola HBC AG, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2017, Income Statement and Notes for the year then ended, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements (pages 207 to 217) as at 31 December 2017 comply with Swiss law and the Company's articles of incorporation.

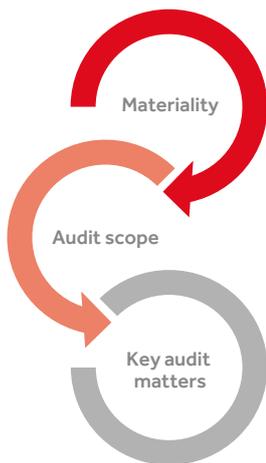
Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those provisions and standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the entity in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the requirements of the Swiss audit profession and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our audit approach

Overview



Overall materiality: CHF 42.6 million, which represents 0.5% of net assets.

We tailored the scope of our audit in order to perform sufficient work to enable us to provide an opinion on the financial statements as a whole, taking into account the structure of the entity, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which the entity operates.

As key audit matter, consistent with the prior year, the following area of focus has been identified:

- Valuation of investment in subsidiary

Audit scope

We designed our audit by determining materiality and assessing the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. In particular, we considered where subjective judgements were made; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

Materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. Our audit opinion aims to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Based on our professional judgement, we determined certain quantitative thresholds for materiality, including the overall materiality for the financial statements as a whole as set out in the table below. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements, both individually and in aggregate, on the financial statements as a whole.

| | |
|--|---|
| Overall materiality | CHF 42.6 million |
| How we determined it | 0.5% of net assets |
| Rationale for the materiality benchmark applied | We chose net assets as the benchmark because, in our view, it is the benchmark which reflects the actual substance of the entity. This is a generally accepted benchmark for ultimate holding entities. |

Report on key audit matters based on the circular 1/2015 of the Federal Audit Oversight Authority

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Valuation of investment in subsidiary

| Key audit matter | How our audit addressed the key audit matter |
|---|---|
| See Note 1 and 2.2 to the financial statements of the Company for the Directors' disclosures of the related accounting policy and the detailed information on the valuation of the investment in subsidiary. | We reperformed the market capitalisation comparison test performed by management |
| The investment in subsidiary as at 31 December 2017 amounts to CHF 8,501 million. | In addition, we took comfort from the evidence obtained while reviewing management's goodwill impairment analysis performed for the purposes of the IFRS consolidated financial statements. |
| The valuation of the investment in subsidiary is inherently a matter of judgement as it relies on forecasts of future profitability and cash flows. Macroeconomic volatility, competitor activity and regulatory/fiscal developments can adversely affect each underlying cash – generating unit and potentially the carrying amount the total investments. | As a result of our work, we found management's assumptions and their determination that no impairment was required to be reasonable, after having reflected the reduction of the investment to reflect the dividend received from Coca Cola HBC Holdings B.V. of CHF 203.4 million. |
| The Company's market capitalization is subject to share price volatility. | |
| Management test the carrying value of the Company's investment annually by comparing the market capitalisation of the group with the carrying value of the investment. | |

Responsibilities of the Board of Directors for the financial statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the Company's articles of incorporation, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the website of EXPERTsuisse: <http://expertsuisse.ch/en/audit-report-for-public-companies>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with article 728a paragraph 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists which has been designed for the preparation of financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We further confirm that the proposed appropriation of available earnings complies with Swiss law and the Company's articles of incorporation. We recommend that the financial statements submitted to you be approved.

PricewaterhouseCoopers AG



Michael Foley
Audit expert
Auditor in charge



Laura Bucur

Zürich, 16 March 2018

Coca-Cola HBC AG's financial statements, Zug

Balance sheet

| | Note | As at 31 December | |
|---|------|-------------------|------------------|
| | | CHF thousands | |
| | | 2017 | 2016 |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | 601 | 1,648 |
| Short-term receivables from direct and indirect participations | 2.1 | 37,673 | 7,354 |
| Short-term receivables from third parties | | 1,126 | 763 |
| Prepaid expenses and accrued income | | 37 | – |
| Total current assets | | 39,437 | 9,765 |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 2.2 | 8,501,197 | 8,704,582 |
| Property, plant and equipment | | 1,296 | 1,465 |
| Total non-current assets | | 8,502,493 | 8,706,047 |
| Total assets | | 8,541,930 | 8,715,812 |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | |
| Trade payables due to third parties | | 1,170 | 806 |
| Short-term liabilities to direct and indirect participations | 2.3 | 2,168 | 3,493 |
| Short-term interest-bearing liabilities to direct and indirect participations | 2.3 | 117 | 2,142 |
| Accrued expenses | 2.3 | 20,002 | 15,605 |
| Total short-term liabilities | | 23,457 | 22,046 |
| Long-term interest-bearing liabilities to indirect participations | 2.4 | – | 68,446 |
| Provisions | | 65 | – |
| Total long-term liabilities | | 65 | 68,446 |
| Share capital | 2.5 | 2,484,112 | 2,456,492 |
| Legal capital reserves | | | |
| Reserves from capital contributions | | 5,824,716 | 5,948,183 |
| Reserves for treasury shares | 2.6 | 85,298 | 85,298 |
| Retained earnings | | | |
| Results carried forward | | 137,297 | 144,617 |
| Loss for the year | | (11,065) | (7,320) |
| Treasury shares | 2.6 | (1,950) | (1,950) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 2.7 | 8,518,408 | 8,625,320 |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | | 8,541,930 | 8,715,812 |

Statement of income

| | Note | Year ended 31 December | |
|---|------|------------------------|------------------|
| | | CHF thousands | |
| | | 2017 | 2016 |
| Dividend income | | 203,385 | 160,395 |
| Other operating income | 2.8 | 34,420 | 25,333 |
| Total operating income | | 237,805 | 185,728 |
| Employee costs | | (27,463) | (14,728) |
| Other operating expenses | | (15,719) | (17,198) |
| Write down of investments | 2.2 | (203,385) | (160,395) |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | | (197) | (213) |
| Total operating expenses | | (246,764) | (192,534) |
| Operating loss | | (8,959) | (6,806) |
| Finance income | | – | 3,568 |
| Finance costs | | (1,835) | (3,790) |
| Loss before tax | | (10,794) | (7,028) |
| Direct taxes | | (271) | (292) |
| Loss for the year | | (11,065) | (7,320) |

Notes to the financial statements of Coca-Cola HBC AG, Zug

Introduction

Coca-Cola HBC AG ('the Company') was incorporated on 19 September 2012 by Kar-Tess Holding. On 11 October 2012, the Company announced a voluntary share exchange offer to acquire all outstanding ordinary registered shares and all American depository shares of Coca-Cola Hellenic Bottling Company S.A., Maroussi (GR) ('CCHBC SA'). As a result of the successful completion of this offer, on 25 April 2013 the Company acquired 96.85% of the issued CCHBC SA shares, including shares represented by American depository shares, and became the new parent company of the Group (the Company and its direct and indirect subsidiaries). On 17 June 2013, the Company completed its statutory buyout of the remaining shares of CCHBC SA that it did not acquire upon completion of its voluntary share exchange offer.

1. Accounting principles

Accounting principles applied in the preparation of the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of commercial accounting as set out in the Swiss Code of Obligations (Art. 957 to 963b CO). Significant accounting and valuation principles are described below:

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Other operating income

The Company provides management services to its principal subsidiaries and acts as guarantor to its principal subsidiary, Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. The income from these services is recognised in the accounting period in which the service is provided.

Exchange rate differences

The accounting records of the Company are retained in Euro and translated to Swiss francs (CHF) for presentation purposes. Except for investments in subsidiaries, property, plant and equipment, long-term liabilities and equity, which are translated at historical rates, all assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into CHF using the closing exchange rate as at 31 December 2017. Income and expenses are translated into CHF at the average exchange rate of the reporting year except for dividend income and related write down of investments (see note 2.2) which are valued at transaction date exchange rate. Net unrealised exchange losses are recorded in the income statement, while net unrealised gains are deferred within accrued liabilities.

| Exchange rates | Balance sheet as at | | Income statement for the year ended | |
|----------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 31 December 2017 | 31 December 2016 | 31 December 2017 | 31 December 2016 |
| EUR | 1.17 | 1.07 | 1.11 | 1.09 |
| USD | 0.99 | 1.03 | | |
| GBP | 1.32 | 1.26 | | |

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are valued at historical cost and evaluated for impairment if identified triggering events occur.

Property, plant and equipment

Depreciation is calculated on the basis of the following useful lives and in accordance with the following methods:

| Property, plant and equipment | Useful life | Method |
|--|-------------|---------------|
| Leasehold improvement (building) | 20 years | 5% linear |
| Leasehold improvement (office infrastructure) | 10 years | 10% linear |
| Building infrastructure | 12 years | 8.33% linear |
| Furniture and fixtures, office equipment and other tangible fixed assets | 8 years | 12.5% linear |
| Telephony infrastructure | 7 years | 14.29% linear |
| Communication equipment, computers and PCs | 4 years | 25% linear |
| Tablets | 3 years | 33.33% linear |

Treasury shares

Treasury shares are recognised at acquisition cost and deducted from shareholders' equity at the time of acquisition. If treasury shares are sold, the gain or loss arising is recognised in the income statement as finance income or finance cost as appropriate.

2. Information relating to the balance sheet and statement of income

2.1. Short-term receivables from direct and indirect participations

The short-term receivables from direct and indirect participations do not bear interest.

| Name of participation | As at 31 December | |
|---|-------------------|--------------|
| | CHF thousands | |
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| Coca-Cola HBC Schweiz AG, Brüttisellen | 14 | – |
| CCB Management Services GmbH, Vienna | 16,076 | 6,631 |
| Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V., Amsterdam | 21,583 | 703 |
| LLC Coca-Cola Eurasia, Nizhni Novgorod | – | 15 |
| Coca-Cola HBC Business Services Organisation, Sofia | – | 5 |
| Short-term receivables from direct and indirect participations | 37,673 | 7,354 |

2.2. Investments in subsidiaries

| Direct subsidiary | Share of capital | Share of votes | As at 31 December | |
|---|------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | | | CHF thousands | |
| | | | 2017 | 2016 |
| Coca-Cola HBC Holdings B.V., Amsterdam ¹ | 100% | 100% | 8,704,582 | 8,864,977 |
| Write down of investment | | | (203,385) | (160,395) |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 100% | 100% | 8,501,197 | 8,704,582 |

1. Coca-Cola HBC Holdings B.V., Amsterdam was incorporated on 26 June 2013.

In 2015 the Company adopted a practice to reduce the value of its investment in Coca-Cola HBC Holdings B.V. by an amount equal to the dividend received from that subsidiary. The amount of the write down in 2017 is equal to the dividend received in July 2017 from Coca-Cola HBC Holdings B.V. of CHF203,385 thousand.

The principal direct and indirect participations of the Company are disclosed in Note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

2.3. Short-term liabilities to direct and indirect participations and accrued expenses

The short-term liabilities to the direct and indirect participations do not bear interest except for the liability to Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. which is interest bearing.

| Name of participation | As at 31 December | |
|--|-------------------|--------------|
| | CHF thousands | |
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| CCB Management Services GmbH, Vienna | 1,865 | 2,820 |
| Coca-Cola Hellenic Business Service Organisation, Sofia | 50 | 4 |
| Coca-Cola HBC Srbija d.o.o., Belgrade | 146 | – |
| Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. Amsterdam | 89 | 647 |
| Coca-Cola HBC Services, Athens | – | 17 |
| Coca-Cola HBC Northern Ireland Ltd., Lisburn | 18 | 5 |
| Total short-term non interest-bearing liabilities to direct and indirect participations | 2,168 | 3,493 |

| Name of participation | As at 31 December | |
|--|-------------------|--------------|
| | CHF thousands | |
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V., Amsterdam | 117 | 2,142 |
| Total short-term interest-bearing liabilities to direct and indirect participations | 117 | 2,142 |

| Accrued expenses | As at 31 December | |
|--|-------------------|---------------|
| | CHF thousands | |
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| Direct taxes | 359 | 313 |
| Employee related costs (Management incentive plan and vesting of Performance Shares) | 15,963 | 2,848 |
| Employee related costs (social security & insurance, payroll taxes) | 1,734 | 1,149 |
| Other accrued expenses | 1,205 | 2,360 |
| Net unrealised gains from foreign currency translation | 741 | 8,935 |
| Total accrued expenses | 20,002 | 15,605 |

Employee related costs (Management incentive plan and vesting of Performance Shares) as at 31 December 2017 includes an accrual of CHF 12.2 million due to the accelerated vesting of the former CEO's Performance Share Plan of estimated net 374,152 shares at GBP 24.64 per share.

2.4. Long-term interest-bearing liabilities to indirect participations

| | As at 31 December | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| | CHF thousands | |
| | 2017 | 2016 |
| Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V., Amsterdam | – | 68,446 |

Long-term interest-bearing liabilities comprise loans from Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. On 13 August 2015 the Company entered into interest bearing long-term loan agreements with Coca-Cola Finance B.V. with a nominal amount of EUR 66,000 thousand and maturing on 31 December 2019. The loan was fully repaid on 28 December 2017.

2.5. Share capital

| | Number of shares | Nominal value | | Total |
|---|--------------------|---------------|------------------|-------|
| | | CHF | CHF thousands | |
| Share capital as at 1 January 2016 | 368,141,297 | 6.70 | 2,466,547 | |
| Cancellation of shares ¹ | (3,000,000) | 6.70 | (20,100) | |
| Shares issued to employees exercising stock options | 1,499,341 | 6.70 | 10,045 | |
| Share capital as at 31 December 2016 | 366,640,638 | 6.70 | 2,456,492 | |
| | Number of shares | Nominal value | | Total |
| | | CHF | CHF thousands | |
| Share capital as at 1 January 2017 | 366,640,638 | 6.70 | 2,456,492 | |
| Shares issued to employees exercising stock options | 4,122,401 | 6.70 | 27,620 | |
| Share capital as at 31 December 2017 | 370,763,039 | 6.70 | 2,484,112 | |

2.6. Treasury shares

The number of treasury shares held by Coca-Cola HBC AG and its subsidiaries qualifying under article 659b SCO and their movements are as follows:

| Treasury shares (held by subsidiaries) | Number of shares | Acquisition cost per share | | Total |
|--|------------------|----------------------------|----------------|-------|
| | | CHF | CHF thousands | |
| Total treasury shares at 31 December 2016 | 3,430,135 | 24.8673 | 85,298 | |
| Total treasury shares at 31 December 2017 | 3,430,135 | 24.8673 | 85,298 | |
| Treasury shares held by the Company | Number of shares | Acquisition cost per share | | Total |
| | | CHF | CHF thousands | |
| Treasury shares held by the Company as at 1 January 2016 | 3,014,925 | 21.8404 | (65,847) | |
| Cancellation of shares ¹ | (3,000,000) | 21.2990 | 63,897 | |
| Treasury shares held by Coca-Cola HBC AG as at 31 December 2016 | 14,925 | 130.6600 | (1,950) | |
| Treasury shares held by Coca-Cola HBC AG as at 31 December 2017 | 14,925 | 130.6600 | (1,950) | |

1. On 23 June 2015, the Annual General Meeting adopted a proposal to buy-back of up to 3,000,000 ordinary shares. The programme started on 17 August 2015 and was completed on 21 December 2015. The Company purchased 3,000,000 of its ordinary shares of CHF 6.70 each at an average price of GBP 1,407.53 per share (minimum price of GBP 1,284.67 and maximum price of GBP 1,548.45). On 21 June 2016, the Annual General Meeting approved the proposal to reduce the share capital of Coca-Cola HBC AG by cancelling the 3,000,000 treasury shares acquired as part of the share buy-back programme described above. The respective reduction of the share capital was completed in September 2016.

2. Information relating to the balance sheet and statement of income continued

2.7. Equity

| | Share capital | Legal capital reserves | | Retained earnings | Treasury shares | Total |
|---|------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | | Reserves from capital contributions | Reserves for treasury shares ¹ | | | |
| CHF thousands | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 1 January 2016 | 2,466,547 | 6,137,760 | 85,298 | 144,617 | (65,847) | 8,768,375 |
| Shares issued to employees exercising stock options | 10,045 | 13,462 | – | – | – | 23,507 |
| Dividends | – | (159,242) | – | – | – | (159,242) |
| Cancellation of shares | (20,100) | (43,797) | – | – | 63,897 | – |
| Loss for the year | – | – | – | (7,320) | – | (7,320) |
| Balance as at 31 December 2016 | 2,456,492 | 5,948,183 | 85,298 | 137,297 | (1,950) | 8,625,320 |
| Balance as at 1 January 2017 | 2,456,492 | 5,948,183 | 85,298 | 137,297 | (1,950) | 8,625,320 |
| Shares issued to employees exercising stock options | 27,620 | 53,368 | – | – | – | 80,988 |
| Dividends ² | – | (176,835) | – | – | – | (176,835) |
| Loss for the year | – | – | – | (11,065) | – | (11,065) |
| Balance as at 31 December 2017 | 2,484,112 | 5,824,716 | 85,298 | 126,232 | (1,950) | 8,518,408 |

1. Represents the book value of treasury shares held by subsidiaries.

2. On 21 June 2017 the shareholders of the Company at the Annual General Meeting approved the distribution of a €0.44 dividend per each ordinary registered share. The dividend was paid on 25 July 2017 and amounted to CHF 176,835 thousand.

2.8. Other operating income

| | 2017 | 2016 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|--------|
| | CHF thousands | |
| Management fees | 31,763 | 22,383 |
| Guarantee fee | 2,657 | 2,950 |
| Total other operating income | 34,420 | 25,333 |

Management fees relate to service income earned from services provided to the Company's direct and indirect participations.

Guarantee fee is the income the Company receives for the services provided as guarantor to Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V.

3. Other information

3.1. Net release of hidden reserves

No hidden reserves were released for the years ended 31 December 2017 or 31 December 2016.

3.2. Number of employees

In 2017 and 2016 on an annual average basis, the number of full-time equivalent employees did not exceed 50.

3.3. Operating lease liabilities (not terminable or expiring within 12 months of balance sheet date)

| | Residual term (years) | 2017 | 2016 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------|
| | | CHF thousands | |
| Office rental, Turmstrasse 26, Zug | 1 to 5 year | – | 500 |
| Total lease liabilities | | – | 500 |

3.4. Contingent liabilities

Euro medium-term note programmes

In June 2013 the Group established a new €3.0bn Euro medium-term note programme (the 'EMTN Programme'). The EMTN Programme was updated in September 2014 and then again in September 2015. Notes are issued under the EMTN Programme through the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V., a private limited liability company established under the laws of the Netherlands, and are guaranteed by the Company.

On 18 June 2013 Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. issued €800m 2.375% notes due 18 June 2020 under the EMTN Programme, which are guaranteed by the Company.

On 10 March 2016 Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. issued €600m 1.875% notes due 11 November 2024 under the EMTN Programme, which are guaranteed by the Company.

As at 31 December 2017, a total of €1.4bn in notes issued under the EMTN Programme were outstanding.

The EMTN Programme has not been updated since September 2015 so further issues under the EMTN Programme are currently not possible pending a further update.

Syndicated multi-currency revolving credit facility

In June 2015, a new syndicated multi-currency revolving credit facility agreement was signed for €500m. Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. is the original borrower, ING Bank N.V., London Branch the facility agent and the Company and Coca-Cola HBC Holdings B.V. are the two guarantors.

Commercial paper programme

In October 2013 the Group established a new €1.0bn Euro commercial paper programme (the 'CP Programme'). The CP Programme was updated in September 2014 and then again in May 2017. Notes are issued under the CP Programme by Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. and guaranteed by the Company. The outstanding amount under the CP Programme was €120m as at 31 December 2017 (2016: €108.5m).

Credit support provider

On 18 July 2013 the Company signed as credit support provider to Deutsche Bank AG, J.P. Morgan Securities plc, Credit Suisse International, Credit Suisse AG, ING Bank N.V., Societe Generale, Merrill Lynch International and to The Royal Bank of Scotland plc in favour of Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. for the obligations as defined in the ISDA Master Agreements.¹

On 24 July 2013 the Company signed as credit support provider to the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, in favour of Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. for the obligations as defined in the ISDA Master Agreement.¹

On 8 August 2013 the Company signed as credit support provider to Citibank N.A. in favour of CCHBC Bulgaria AD for the obligations as defined in the ISDA Master Agreement.¹

On 8 August 2013 the Company signed as credit support provider to Citibank N.A. in favour of Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. for the obligations as defined in the ISDA Master Agreement.¹

On 24 June 2014 the Company signed as credit support provider to Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. in favour of Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. for the obligations as defined in the ISDA Master Agreement.¹

3.4. Contingent liabilities continued

On 5 October 2015 the Company signed as credit support provider to Macquarie Bank International Limited in favour of Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. for the obligations as defined in the ISDA Master Agreement.¹

On 22 June 2016 the Company signed as credit support provider to UniCredit Bank AG in favour of Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. for the obligations as defined in the ISDA Master Agreement.¹

On 31 August 2016 the Company signed as credit support provider to BNP Paribas in favour of Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. for the obligations as defined in the ISDA Master Agreement.¹

On 1 November 2017 the Company signed as credit support provider to Goldman Sachs Global International in favour of Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. for the obligations as defined in the ISDA Master Agreement.¹

On 22 December 2017 the Company signed as credit support provider to Citigroup Global Markets Limited in favour of Coca-Cola HBC Finance B.V. for the obligations as defined in the ISDA Master Agreement.¹

1. The ISDA (International Swap Dealers Association) Master Agreement is a standardised form issued by the International Swap Dealers Association Inc. to be used for credit support transactions.

3.5. Significant shareholders

As at 31 December 2017 and 2016, there were two shareholders exceeding the threshold of 5% voting rights in the Company's share capital.

| | Date | Number of shares | Percentage of issued share capital ¹ | Percentage of outstanding share capital ² |
|--|------------|------------------|---|--|
| Total Kar-Tess Holding | 31.12.2016 | 85,355,019 | 23.3% | 23.5% |
| Total Kar-Tess Holding | 31.12.2017 | 85,355,019 | 23.0% | 23.2% |
| Total shareholdings related to The Coca-Cola Company | 31.12.2016 | 85,112,078 | 23.2% | 23.4% |
| Total shareholdings related to The Coca-Cola Company | 31.12.2017 | 85,112,078 | 23.0% | 23.2% |

1. Basis: total issued share capital including treasury shares. Share basis 370,763,039 as at 31 December 2017 (2016: 366,640,638).

2. Basis: total issued share capital excluding treasury shares. Share basis 367,317,979 as at 31 December 2017 (2016: 363,195,578).

3.6. Shareholdings, conversion and option rights

The table below sets out a comparison of the interests in the Company's total issued share capital that the members of the Board of Directors ('Directors') and Operating Committee hold (all of which, unless otherwise stated, are beneficial interests or are interests of a person connected with a Director or a member of the Operating Committee) and the interests in the Company's share capital.

| | 31 December 2017 | | | 31 December 2016 | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|---|--|------------------|---|--|
| | Number of shares | Percentage of issued share capital ¹ | Percentage of outstanding share capital ² | Number of shares | Percentage of issued share capital ¹ | Percentage of outstanding share capital ² |
| Directors | | | | | | |
| Anastassis G. David ³ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Dimitris Lois | 57,379 | 0.02% | 0.02% | 49,142 | 0.01% | 0.01% |
| Zoran Bogdanovic ¹⁰ | 19,869 | 0.01% | 0.01% | 16,817 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Ahmet C. Bozer | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Olusola (Sola) David-Borha | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| William W. (Bill) Douglas III | 10,000 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 10,000 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Charlotte J. Boyle ⁴ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Antonio D'Amato ⁵ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Reto Francioni | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Anastasios I. Leventis ⁶ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Christo Leventis ⁷ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| José Octavio Reyes | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Alexandra Papalexopoulou | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Robert Ryan Rudolph | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| John P. Sechi | - | - | - | - | - | - |

| | 31 December 2017 | | | 31 December 2016 | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|--|------------------|---|--|
| | Number of shares | Percentage of issued share capital ¹ | Percentage of outstanding share capital ² | Number of shares | Percentage of issued share capital ¹ | Percentage of outstanding share capital ² |
| Operating Committee | | | | | | |
| Alain Brouhard | 17,304 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 14,534 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Jan Gustavsson | 56,633 | 0.02% | 0.02% | 53,027 | 0.01% | 0.01% |
| Keith Sanders | 28,555 | 0.01% | 0.01% | 27,125 | 0.01% | 0.01% |
| Martin Marcel | 9,171 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 5,824 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Michalis Imellos | 16,650 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 14,649 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Naya Kalogeraki | 1,755 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 355 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Sanda Parezanovic | 2,236 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 1,477 | 0.00% | 0.00% |
| Sotiris Yannopoulos | 12,385 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 10,377 | 0.00% | 0.00% |

The following table sets out information regarding the stock options and performance shares held by members of the Operating Committee as at 31 December 2017:

| | Stock options ('ESOP') | | | Performance shares ('PSP') | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--------|
| | Number of stock options | Already vested | Vesting at the end of 2018 | Granted in 2017 | Unvested and subject to performance conditions | Vested |
| Dimitris Lois ^{8,9} | – | – | – | 128,421 | 426,773 | – |
| Alain Brouhard | 320,000 | 320,000 | – | 24,214 | 81,275 | – |
| Jan Gustavsson | 726,000 | 726,000 | – | 27,211 | 91,190 | – |
| Keith Sanders | 499,000 | 499,000 | – | 26,552 | 88,945 | – |
| Martin Marcel | 178,000 | 178,000 | – | 23,255 | 76,571 | – |
| Michalis Imellos | 286,500 | 286,500 | – | 30,148 | 100,755 | – |
| Naya Kalogeraki | 45,000 | 45,000 | – | 20,378 | 43,189 | – |
| Sanda Parezanovic | 48,500 | 48,500 | – | 20,858 | 62,646 | – |
| Sotiris Yannopoulos | 150,500 | 150,500 | – | 23,675 | 78,144 | – |
| Zoran Bogdanovic | 236,750 | 236,750 | – | 25,473 | 84,841 | – |

1. Basis: total issued share capital including treasury shares. Share basis 370,763,039 as at 31 December 2017 (2016: 366,640,638).
2. Basis: total issued share capital excluding treasury shares. Share basis 367,317,979 as at 31 December 2017 (2016: 363,195,578).
3. Anastassis David is a beneficiary of:
 - (a) a private discretionary trust for the primary benefit of present and future members of the family of the late Anastasios George Leventis, of which Truad Verwaltungs AG is the Trustee, whereby he has an indirect interest with respect to the 85,355,019 shares held by Kar- Tess Holding S.A.
 - (b) a further private discretionary trust for the primary benefit of present and future members of the family of the late Anastasios George Leventis, of which Selene Treuhand AG is the Trustee, whereby he has an indirect interest with respect to 823,008 shares held by Selene Treuhand AG.
4. Charlotte J. Boyle was appointed to the Board of Directors, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee on 20 June 2017.
5. Antonio D' Amato retired from the Board of Directors, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee on 20 June 2017.
6. Anastasios I. Leventis is a beneficiary of:
 - (a) a private discretionary trust for the primary benefit of present and future members of the family of the late Anastasios George Leventis, of which Truad Verwaltungs AG is the Trustee, whereby he has an indirect interest with respect to the 85,355,019 shares held by Kar- Tess Holding S.A.
 - (b) a further private discretionary trust for the primary benefit of present and future members of the family of the late Anastasios George Leventis, of which Selene Treuhand AG is the Trustee, whereby he has an indirect interest with respect to 386,879 shares held by Selene Treuhand AG.
 - (c) a further private discretionary trust for the primary benefit of present and future members of the family of the late Christodoulos Papanekleus Leventis, of which Mervail Company (PTC) Limited is the Trustee, whereby he has an indirect interest with respect to 623,664 shares held by Carcan Holding Limited.
7. Christo Leventis is a beneficiary of:
 - (a) a private discretionary trust for the primary benefit of present and future members of the family of the late Anastasios George Leventis, of which Truad Verwaltungs AG is the Trustee, whereby he has an indirect interest with respect to the 85,355,019 shares held by Kar- Tess Holding S.A.
 - (b) a further private discretionary trust for the primary benefit of present and future members of the family of the late Anastasios George Leventis, of which Selene Treuhand AG is the Trustee, whereby he has an indirect interest with respect to 498,545 shares held by Selene Treuhand AG.
 - (c) a further private discretionary trust for the primary benefit of present and future members of the family of the late Christodoulos Papanekleus Leventis, of which Mervail Company (PTC) Limited is the trustee, whereby he has an indirect interest with respect to 757,307 shares held by Carcan Holding Limited.
8. Dimitris Lois' heirs exercised 1,700,000 options under ESOP between 2 October and 31 December 2017.
9. Following the passing of Dimitris Lois, the Remuneration Committee determined at its meeting in March 2018 that, in line with the terms of the PSP, PSP awards granted to Dimitris Lois in 2015, 2016 and 2017 should vest pro-rated for time and performance up to 2 October 2017. PSP awards therefore vested over in aggregate 396,402 shares. The remainder of the shares subject to PSP awards granted to Dimitris Lois lapsed. The Remuneration Committee further determined that these awards should vest immediately to Dimitris Lois' heirs.
10. Zoran Bogdanovic will be formerly appointed to the Board of Directors at the next AGM in June 2018.

3.7. Fees paid to the auditor

The audit and other fees paid to the auditor are disclosed in Note 8 of the consolidated financial statements.

3.8. Conditional capital

On 25 April 2013, the shareholders' meeting agreed to the creation of conditional capital in the maximum amount of CHF 245,601 thousand, through issuance of a maximum of 36,657 thousand fully paid-in registered shares with a par value of CHF 6.70 each upon exercise of options issued to members of the Board of Directors, members of the management, employees or advisers of the Company, its subsidiaries and other affiliated companies. The share capital of CHF 2,484,112 thousand as disclosed in the balance sheet differs from the share capital in the commercial register of CHF 2,456,492 thousand as per 31 December 2017 due to the exercise of management options in the course of full year 2017.

| Conditional capital | Number of shares | Book value per share CHF | Total CHF thousand |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Agreed conditional capital as per shareholders' meeting on 25 April 2013 | 36,656,843 | 6.70 | 245,601 |
| Shares issued to employees exercising stock options until 31 December 2015 | (1,650,152) | 6.70 | (11,056) |
| Shares issued to employees exercising stock options in 2016 | (1,499,341) | 6.70 | (10,046) |
| Remaining conditional capital as at 31 December 2016 | 33,507,350 | 6.70 | 224,499 |
| Shares issued to employees exercising stock options in 2017 | (4,122,401) | 6.70 | (27,620) |
| Remaining conditional capital as at 31 December 2017 | 29,384,949 | 6.70 | 196,879 |

Proposed appropriation of available earnings and reserves / declaration of dividend

1. Proposed appropriation of available earnings

| Available earnings and reserves | CHF thousands |
|--|------------------|
| Balance brought forward from previous years | 137,297 |
| Net loss for the year | (11,065) |
| Total available retained earnings to be carried forward | 126,232 |
| Reserves from capital contributions before distribution | 5,824,716 |
| Total available retained earnings and reserves | 5,950,948 |

2. Proposed declaration of a dividend from reserves

The Board of Directors proposes to declare a gross dividend of EUR 0.54 on each ordinary registered share with a par value of CHF 6.70 from the general capital contribution reserve. Own shares held directly by the Company are not entitled to dividends. The total aggregate amount of the dividends shall be capped at an amount of CHF 300,000 thousand (the 'Cap'), and thus will reduce the general capital contribution reserve of CHF 5,824,716 thousand, as shown in the financial statements as of 31 December 2017, by a maximum of CHF 300,000 thousand. To the extent that the dividend calculated on EUR 0.54 per share would exceed the Cap on the day of the Annual General Meeting, due to the exchange rate determined by the Board of Directors in its reasonable opinion, the Euro per share amount of the dividend shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis so that the aggregate amount of all dividends paid does not exceed the Cap. Payment of the dividend shall be made at such time and with such record date as shall be determined by the Annual General Meeting and the Board of Directors.

3. Proposed appropriation of reserves/declaration of dividend

Variant 1: Dividend of EUR 0.54 at current exchange ratio

| As of 31 December 2017 | CHF thousands |
|---|------------------|
| Reserves from capital contributions before distribution | 5,824,716 |
| Proposed dividend of EUR 0.54 ¹ | (236,241) |
| Reserves from capital contributions after distribution | 5,588,475 |

1. Illustrative at an exchange rate of CHF 1.18 per EUR. Assumes that the shares entitled to a dividend amount to 370,748,114.

Variant 2: Dividend if Cap is triggered

| As of 31 December 2017 | CHF thousands |
|---|------------------|
| Reserves from capital contributions before distribution | 5,824,716 |
| (Maximum) dividend if Cap is triggered ² | (300,000) |
| (Minimum) Reserves from capital contributions after distribution | 5,524,716 |

2. Dividend is capped at a total aggregate amount of CHF 300,000 thousand.



Report of the statutory auditor
to the General Meeting
Coca-Cola HBC AG
Steinhausen/Zug

Report of the statutory auditor on the statutory remuneration report

We have audited the accompanying remuneration report of Coca-Cola HBC AG for the year ended 31 December 2017. The audit was limited to the information according to articles 14–16 of the Ordinance against Excessive Compensation in Stock Exchange Listed Companies (Ordinance) on pages 220 to 222 of the remuneration report.

Board of Directors' responsibility

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and overall fair presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Swiss law and the Ordinance against Excessive Compensation in Stock Exchange Listed Companies (Ordinance). The Board of Directors is also responsible for designing the remuneration system and defining individual remuneration packages.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the accompanying remuneration report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the remuneration report complies with Swiss law and articles 14–16 of the Ordinance.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence on the disclosures made in the remuneration report with regard to compensation, loans and credits in accordance with articles 14–16 of the Ordinance. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements in the remuneration report, whether due to fraud or error. This audit also includes evaluating the reasonableness of the methods applied to value components of remuneration, as well as assessing the overall presentation of the remuneration report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Coca-Cola HBC AG for the year ended 31 December 2017 complies with Swiss law and articles 14–16 of the Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers SA

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'M. Foley', written over a horizontal red line.

Michael Foley
Audit expert
Auditor in charge

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'L. Bucur', written over a horizontal red line.

Laura Bucur

Lausanne, 16 March 2018

Statutory Remuneration Report

Additional disclosures regarding the Statutory Remuneration Report

The section below is in line with the Ordinance against excessive pay in stock exchange listed companies, which requires disclosure of the elements of compensation paid to the Company's Board of Directors and the Operating Committee. The numbers relate to the calendar years of 2017 and 2016. In the information presented below, the exchange rate used for conversion of 2017 remuneration data from Euro to CHF is 1/1.1202 and the exchange rate used for conversion of 2016 remuneration data from Euro to CHF is 1/1.0903.

As the Company is headquartered in Switzerland, it is required for statutory purposes to present compensation data for two consecutive years, 2016 and 2017. The applicable methodology used to calculate the value of stock option and performance shares follows Swiss standards. In 2017 and 2016, the fair value of performance shares from the 2017 and 2016 grants is calculated based on the performance share awards that are expected to vest, and not the stock options that vested in 2017 and 2016 respectively. Below is the relevant information for Swiss statutory purposes.

Compensation for acting members of governing bodies

The Company's Directors believe that the level of remuneration offered to Directors and the members of the Operating Committee should reflect their experience and responsibility as determined by, among other factors, a comparison with similar multinational companies and should be sufficient to attract and retain high-calibre Directors who will lead the Group successfully. In line with the Group's commitment to maximise shareholder value, its policy is to link a significant proportion of remuneration for its Operating Committee to the performance of the business through short and long-term incentives. Therefore, the Operating Committee members' financial interests are closely aligned with those of the Company's shareholders through the equity-related long-term compensation plan.

The total remuneration of the Directors and members of the Operating Committee of the Company, including performance share grants, during 2017 amounted to CHF 22.5 million. Out of this, the amount relating to the expected value of performance share awards granted in relation to 2017 was CHF 7.3 million. Pension and post-employment benefits for Directors and the Operating Committee of the Company during 2017 amounted to CHF 0.8 million.

Compensation of the Board of Directors

| | 2017 CHF | | | | | |
|---|------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| | Fees | Cash and non-cash benefits ¹ | Cash performance incentives | Pension and post-employment benefits | Total fair value of stock options at the date granted | Total compensation |
| Anastassis G. David | 78,411 | - | - | - | - | 78,411 |
| Ahmet C. Bozer | 78,411 | - | - | - | - | 78,411 |
| Olusola (Sola) David-Borha ² | 101,285 | - | - | - | - | 101,285 |
| William W. (Bill) Douglas III | 109,216 | - | - | - | - | 109,216 |
| Antonio D'Amato ³ | 45,366 | - | - | - | - | 45,366 |
| Charlotte J. Boyle ⁴ | 45,366 | - | - | - | - | 45,366 |
| Reto Francioni ⁵ | 122,678 | - | - | - | - | 122,678 |
| Anastasios I. Leventis | 90,733 | - | - | - | - | 90,733 |
| Christo Leventis ⁶ | 80,790 | - | - | - | - | 80,790 |
| José Octavio Reyes ⁷ | 89,693 | - | - | - | - | 89,693 |
| Alexandra Papalexopoulou | 103,055 | - | - | - | - | 103,055 |
| Robert Ryan Rudolph ⁸ | 84,605 | - | - | - | - | 84,605 |
| John P. Sechi | 93,869 | - | - | - | - | 93,869 |
| Dimitris Lois ⁹ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Board of Directors | 1,123,478 | - | - | - | - | 1,123,478 |

1. Allowances consist of cost of living allowance, housing support, Employee Share Purchase Plan, private medical insurance relocation expenses, home trip allowance, lump sum expenses and similar allowances.
2. For Olusola (Sola) David-Borha, on top of her fees of CHF 93,869, the Group paid CHF 7,416 in social security contributions as required by Swiss legislation.
3. Antonio D'Amato retired from the Board of Directors, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee on 20 June 2017. The Group has applied a half-year period base fee of CHF 45,366.
4. Charlotte J. Boyle was appointed to the Board of Directors, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee on 20 June 2017. The Group has applied a half-year period base fee of CHF 45,366.
5. For Reto Francioni, on top of his fees of CHF 113,696, the Group paid CHF 8,982 in social security contributions as required by Swiss legislation.
6. In June 2017 social security contributions of CHF 2,379, withheld in December 2016, were returned to Christo Leventis, on top of his fees of CHF 78,411, as he was deemed not subject to Swiss social security.
7. For José Octavio Reyes, on top of his fees of CHF 84,572, the Group paid CHF 5,121 in social security contributions as required by Swiss legislation.
8. For Robert Ryan Rudolph, on top of his fees of CHF 78,411, the Group paid CHF 6,194 in social security contributions as required by Swiss legislation.
9. Dimitris Lois' compensation was based on his role as CEO, member of the Operating Committee Team, and his employment agreement. Dimitris Lois was not entitled and did not receive additional compensation as a Director.

Non-Executive Directors do not participate in any of the Group's incentive plans, nor do they receive any retirement benefits.

Compensation of the Board of Directors

| | 2016 CHF | | | | | Total compensation |
|--|----------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| | Fees | Cash and non-cash benefits ¹ | Cash performance incentives | Pension and post-employment benefits | Total fair value of stock options at the date granted | |
| Anastassis G. David | 73,490 | – | – | – | – | 73,490 |
| Ahmet C. Bozer ² | 37,555 | – | – | – | – | 37,555 |
| George A. David ³ | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| Olusola (Sola) David-Borha ⁴ | 94,712 | – | – | – | – | 94,712 |
| William W. (Bill) Douglas III ⁵ | 52,310 | – | – | – | – | 52,310 |
| Irial Finan ⁶ | 35,935 | – | – | – | – | 35,935 |
| Antonio D'Amato | 84,920 | – | – | – | – | 84,920 |
| Reto Francioni ⁷ | 58,738 | – | – | – | – | 58,738 |
| Sir Michael Llewellyn-Smith ⁸ | 52,522 | – | – | – | – | 52,522 |
| Nigel Macdonald ⁹ | 49,757 | – | – | – | – | 49,757 |
| Anastasios I. Leventis ¹⁰ | 43,457 | – | – | – | – | 43,457 |
| Christo Leventis ¹¹ | 40,509 | – | – | – | – | 40,509 |
| José Octavio Reyes ¹² | 85,435 | – | – | – | – | 85,435 |
| Alexandra Papalexopoulou ¹³ | 90,822 | – | – | – | – | 90,822 |
| Robert Ryan Rudolph ¹⁴ | 40,509 | – | – | – | – | 40,509 |
| John P. Sechi ¹⁵ | 87,805 | – | – | – | – | 87,805 |
| Dimitris Lois ¹⁶ | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| Total Board of Directors | 928,476 | – | – | – | – | 928,476 |

- Allowances consist of cost of living allowance, housing support, Employee Share Purchase Plan, private medical insurance, relocation expenses, home trip allowance, lump sum expenses and similar allowances.
- Ahmet C. Bozer was appointed to the Board on 21 June 2016. The Group has applied a half-year period base fee of CHF 37,555.
- George A. David retired from the Board and the Social Responsibility Committee on 21 June 2016. For the first half of 2016, George A. David waived any fee in respect to his membership on the Board of Directors or any Board Committee.
- For Olusola (Sola) David Borha, on top of the base fee of CHF 73,490 and Audit and Risk Committee membership fee of CHF 14,315, the Group paid CHF 6,907 in social security contributions as required by Swiss legislation.
- William W. (Bill) Douglas III was appointed to the Board and the Audit and Risk Committee on 21 June 2016. The Group has applied a half-year period base fee of CHF 37,555 and CHF 14,755 for the Audit and Risk Committee.
- Irial Finan retired from the Board on 21 June 2016. The Group has applied a half-year period base fee of CHF 35,935.
- Reto Francioni was appointed to the Board, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee on 21 June 2016. For Reto Francioni on top of the fees of CHF 54,455 the Group paid CHF 4,283 in social security contributions as required by Swiss legislation. The Group has applied a half-year period base fee of CHF 37,555, CHF 5,902 for the Nomination Committee, CHF 2,951 for the Remuneration Committee and CHF 8,047 for Senior Independent Director fee.
- Sir Michael Llewellyn-Smith retired from the Board, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Social Responsibility Committee on 21 June 2016. For the first half of 2016, Sir Michael Llewellyn-Smith waived his membership fee on the Social Responsibility Committee. The Group has applied a half-year period fee of CHF 5,529 for the Nomination Committee Chairmanship, CHF 5,529 for the Remuneration Committee Chairmanship, CHF 5,529 for the Senior Independent Director fee and a CHF 35,935 base fee.
- Nigel Macdonald retired from the Board and the Audit and Risk Committee on 21 June 2016. The Group has applied a half-year period fee of CHF 13,822 for the Audit and Risk Committee Chairmanship and a CHF 35,935 base fee.
- For Anastasios I. Leventis, the Group has applied a half-year period base fee of CHF 37,555 and CHF 5,902 for the Social Responsibility Committee Chairmanship. For the first half of 2016, Anastasios I. Leventis waived any fee in respect to his membership on the Board of Directors or any Board Committee.
- For Christo Leventis, on top of the base fee of CHF 37,555, the Group paid CHF 2,954 in social security contributions as required by Swiss legislation. The Group has applied a half-year period base fee of CHF 40,509. For the first half of 2016, Christo Leventis waived any fee in respect to his membership on the Board of Directors or any Board Committee.
- For José Octavio Reyes, on top of the base fee of CHF 73,490 and Social Responsibility Committee membership fee of CHF 5,715, the Group paid a social security contribution of CHF 6,230 as required by Swiss legislation.
- For Alexandra Papalexopoulou on top of the full year base fees of CHF 73,490 and CHF 5,715 for the Nomination Committee, the Group has applied a half-year period fee of CHF 2,951 for the Social Responsibility Committee as required by Swiss legislation, a half year period membership fee of CHF 2,764 as member of the Remuneration Committee and a half-year period fee of CHF 5,902 as Chair of the Remuneration Committee.
- Robert Ryan Rudolph was appointed to the Board on 21 June 2016. For Robert Ryan Rudolph, on top of the base half-year fee of CHF 37,555, the Group paid, as required by Swiss legislation, a social security contribution of CHF 2,954.
- For John P. Sechi the Group has applied a full year period fee of CHF 14,315 for the Audit and Risk Committee membership and a CHF 73,490 base fee.
- Dimitris Lois' compensation was based on his role as CEO and member of the Operating Committee, according to his employment contract. Dimitris Lois was not entitled to and did not receive additional compensation as a Director.

Non-Executive Directors do not participate in any of the Group's incentive plans, nor do they receive any retirement benefits.

Compensation of the Operating Committee

The total remuneration paid to or accrued for the Operating Committee for 2017 amounted to CHF 22.5 million.

| 2017 CHF | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|---|--|---|---|--------------------|
| | Base salary | Cash and non-cash benefits ¹ | Cash performance incentives ² | Pension and post-employment benefits ³ | Total fair value of performance shares at the date granted ⁴ | Total compensation |
| Dimitris Lois ^{5,6} , Chief Executive Officer (highest compensated member of the Operating Committee) | 954,005 | 603,522 | 724,976 | 132,354 | 2,217,695 | 4,632,552 |
| Zoran Bogdanovic ⁷ , Chief Executive Officer | 65,347 | 40,651 | 0 | 6,498 | 48,876 | 161,372 |
| Other members | 4,194,756 | 5,066,461 | 2,719,887 | 699,118 | 5,057,260 | 17,737,482 |
| Total Operating Committee | 5,214,108 | 5,710,634 | 3,444,863 | 837,970 | 7,323,831 | 22,531,406 |

- Cash and non-cash benefits consist of cost of living allowance, housing support, schooling, Employee Share Purchase Plan, private medical insurance, relocation expenses, home trip allowance, employer social security contributions, lump sum expenses and similar allowances.
- The cash performance incentives represent the monetary value that was paid under MIP in 2017 reflecting the 2016 business performance, inclusive of the value that was paid under LTIP in 2017 reflecting the 2014-2016 business performance for Naya Kalogeraki, Marcel Martin and Sanda Parezanovic.
- Members of the Operating Committee participate in the pension plan of their employing entity, as appropriate.
- Values under long-term incentives represent the fair value of performance shares that are expected to vest for the 2017 grant in order to comply with Swiss reporting guidelines.
- Dimitris Lois' compensation was based on his role as CEO, member of the Operating Committee Team, and his employment agreement. Dimitris Lois was not entitled to and did not receive the fixed compensation applicable for non-Executive Directors of the Board of Directors.
- Dimitris Lois' compensation reflects the period 1 January to 2 October 2017 and includes 2 months' payment made to the heirs as per Swiss law. Total fair value of performance shares at the date granted has been prorated for the period 1 January to 2 October 2017.
- Zoran Bogdanovic's compensation as CEO reflects the period 7 December to 31 December 2017. His compensation for the period 1 January to 6 December 2017 is included under "Other Members". Total fair value of performance shares at the date granted has been prorated for the period 7 December to 31 December 2017.

The total remuneration paid to or accrued for the Operating Committee for 2016 amounted to CHF 26.6 million.

| 2016 CHF | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|---|--|---|--|--------------------|
| | Base salary | Cash and non-cash benefits ¹ | Cash performance incentives ² | Pension and post-employment benefits ³ | Total fair value of stock options at the date granted ⁴ | Total compensation |
| Dimitris Lois, Chief Executive Officer (highest compensated member of the Operating Committee) ⁵ | 979,959 | 605,006 | 934,732 | 171,448 | 2,191,279 | 4,882,424 |
| Other members ^{6,7} | 4,541,369 | 8,872,660 | 3,551,429 | 706,926 | 4,064,975 | 21,737,359 |
| Total Operating Committee | 5,521,328 | 9,477,666 | 4,486,161 | 878,374 | 6,256,254 | 26,619,783 |

- Allowances consist of cost of living allowance, housing, support, schooling, Employee Share Purchase Plan, private medical insurance, relocation expenses, employer social security contributions, lump sum expenses and similar allowances.
- The bonus represents the monetary value that was paid under MIP in 2016 reflecting the 2015 business performance.
- Members of the Operating Committee participate in the pension plan of their employing entity, as appropriate.
- Values under long-term incentives represent the fair value of performance shares that are expected to vest for the 2016 grant in order to comply with Swiss reporting guidelines.
- Dimitris Lois' compensation is based on his role as CEO and member of the Operating Committee, according to his employment contract. Dimitris Lois is not entitled to and does not receive the fixed compensation applicable for non-Executive Directors of the Board of Directors.
- John Brady left the Group on 31 December 2016.
- Naya Kalogeraki was appointed to the role of Group Commercial Director on 1 July 2016.

Credits and loans granted to governing bodies

In 2017, there were no credits or loans granted to active or former members of the Company's Board of Directors, members of the Operating Committee or to any related persons. There are no outstanding credits or loans.